THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863. NO. 156.

Y J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

llowing are the only terms of subscription to THE Progress:

aper, 1 month, $1 00 | Daily Paper, 6 months, $5 00
" 3 " 3 00 | " " 12 " 8 00

aper will not be sent to new subscribers without y in advance; and in all cases it will be stopped e time paid for expires.

JOB PRINTING.

being connected with the PROGRESS establish- Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we pared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB ING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

AILY PROGRESS.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863.

e Progress.]

AN APPEAL TO MINISTERS.

BY PRATO.

Men are dying, surely dying,
On the far off battle-field:—
Soldiers dying, sadly dying,
And their breath they slowly yield.
For their loved ones, for their country
They have fought, and bled and died,
With no voice to cheer them onward,—
With no hope on "Jordan's" tide.

Coming up from ev'ry 'campment,
Is a cry that all might hear;
"Bring us Bibles—teach us Jesus!"
Is the soldier's ceaseless prayer.
But the preacher keeps his pulpit
Heeding not the soldier's tears;
Yet I fear in tones unearthly,
They will sometimes hear those prayers!

Can you see them bravely dying—
Facing death for you and I,
With no God-man there to point them,
To a home beyond the sky!
Do your hearts not sink within you
When you hear of battles fought,
When you know that countless millions
Have gone hence, of Heav'n untaught?

Will you not like Christian heroes
Seek the dying soldier now:
Go and tell him of a Saviour
Teach him to our God to bow?
Then methinks a shout in Heaven,
Will near reach our mortal ears,
For bright angels will be shouting
When the man of God appears!

Fair Bluff, N. C.

KINSTON, N. C., May 6th, 1863.

ED. PROGRESS:—I beg permission to call your attention to an error in your paper of the 25th ult. with regard to myself. General Daniel in his report of the skirmish at Deep Gully, on the evening of the 13th, calls attention to myself and others as having acted gallantly on that occasion. In that report I am put down as second Lieut. R. B. Collins, Co B., 20th Regiment N. C. Troops. This is the error: it should be second Lieut. R. P. Collins, Co. B., 56th Regiment N. C. Troops. By correcting this mistake you will much oblige, R. P. COLLINS.

A SAD SIGHT.—We noticed in this city on Monday last, a wounded soldier, formerly belonging to the New York 69th, and it was a sight that we do not wish to behold again. His right arm and leg were both off, and a bullet had passed from his upper lip to his forehead, taking off his nose and a portion of the lip.—*Beaver Dam* (Wis.) *Argus*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BY THE GOVERNOR OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, THE TIME LIMITED IN MY PROCLAMATION, dated the 13th of April, forbidding the exportation of certain articles from the State, is about to expire.

Now, therefore, I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor of North Carolina, do, by and with the advice and consent of the Council of State, issue this Proclamation, continuing said prohibition thirty days from the 13th inst., subject to the exceptions and restrictions contained in said Proclamation of the 13th of April, with the following alterations:

The prohibition is not to embrace the article of salt, and lard is to be added to the list of the articles prohibited.

Justices of the Peace are also enjoined to assist in carrying out this Proclamation.

(SEAL) In witness whereof, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor, Captain General and Commander-in-Chief, have signed these presents and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at the City of Raleigh, this 8th day of May, A. D., 1863, and in the 87th year of our Independence.

By the Governor: Z. B. VANCE.

R. H. BATTLE, JR., Private Secretary.

May 9-1w

Daily papers copy one week, weeklies and semi-weeklies two weeks, and send bill to Executive Office.

FOR SALE.

2 MILCH COWS,
1 large Ox,
2 Circular Saws,
2 Carts for Saw Mills.

Apply to BOX No. 91, Raleigh. May 9-1w

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,

RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. Will give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, Capt. C. S.
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM MY PREMISES MY NEGRO man STEPHEN, he is of a bacon color with front teeth decayed, with a downcast look, and of low chunky build. He was raised in Beaufort County near Washington, and may be trying to get down there to the Yankees. I will give fifty dollars reward for his confinement so that I get him again. ALFRED LEGGETT.
May 8-tf.

LEFT OUR EMPLOY, B. M. FULLER, OF LOUISburg, N. C. who is a Conscript. Officers will please look out for him, and return him to

THEIM & FRAPS,
May 8-2w Gov't. Contractors.
State Journal 2 weeks.

WANTED,

TO PURCHASE FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT, WROUGHT IRON, for which will be paid five cents per pound, delivered at any Railroad Station in North Carolina.

J. J. ROBERSON,
May 2-1w Goldsboro', N. C.

VALISE FOUND.

A BLACK VALISE, CONTAINING SEVERAL ARticles of clothing, found in the country near Raleigh, has been at the Mayor's office in this city for several months past. The owner is notified to call and prove property, pay charges and take it away.
May 6-1w

NEW GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD ANNOUNCE TO HIS friends and the public generally that he has rented a portion of the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. John C. Moore, next door to the State Journal office on the Market Square, and will open on MONDAY, May 4th, with a choice stock of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

of which he will endeavor to keep as good a supply on hand and at as reasonable prices as the times will allow.

He solicits a share of the public patronage, and by strict attention and large past experience in business, he will guarantee universal satisfaction. D. H. BREEN.
May 2-1w

CITY MARKET.

RALEIGH, May 8.

APPLES—Green, scarce.....$15
" Dried.....$6
BACON—Hog round.....90c—$1
BEEF.....60c
BEESWAX.....$1 75
BEANS.....$6
BUTTER.....$1 25@1 50
CANDLES—Tallow.....$2 00
" Wax—By the box.....$2
" Adamantine.....$4
" Sperm.....$6
CORN—per Barrel.....$25
CHICKENS.....$1 50@1 75
DUCKS.....$2
EGGS.....60@65c
FLOUR—Family.....$45
" Superfine.....$35
" Fine.....$30
FODDER—Per hundred.....$5
FEATHERS.....$1
FLAXSEED.....$3@$3 50
GEESE.....None
HIDES—Dry.....$1 25
" Green.....60c
HAY—Per hundred.....$3 50
LARD.....$1
MOLASSES.....$10
MEAL.....$5 50
NAILS—Scarce.....$1 25
OATS—Per hundred.....$4
" Cleaned.....$3 bu
PORK.....$50 per hundred.
POTATOES—Sweet.....$4 50
" Irish.....$5
PEAS—Ground.....$12
" Stock.....$5
" White Table.....$6
RAGS.....8@10c
RICE.....50c
RYE.....$4
SALT.....$17 50
SUGAR—Brown.....$1 40
" Coffee.....$1 50
" Loaf.....None.
TALLOW.....$1 50
WHEAT.....$5

Farmers and others must remember that the prices of many articles in the above list fluctuate nearly every day in proportion to their abundance or scarcity in market.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

MAY 6, 1863.

BEEF CATTLE—Are scarce and in demand. Sell on hoof at prices ranging from 35 to 50 cents per lb. for net meat, according to quality.

BACON—From carts 90c to $1 per lb. for hog round.

BUTTER—$1 50 to $1 75 per lb.

CORN—Retails at $3 75 to $4 per bushel.

COFFEE—$4 50 per lb.

CORN MEAL—Retails at the granaries at $4 50 per bushel.

COPPERAS—$2 50 to $3 per lb at retail.

COTTON—Small sales of 35 to 40 cents per lb.

EGGS—85 to 90 cents per dozen.

FLOUR—Sells from store in the small way at $53 to $55 per bbl. for superfine.

FODDER—$6 per 100 lbs.

LARD—$1 per pound.

LEATHER—Sole, $3 25 to $4, and upper $4 25 to $4 50 per lb.

MOLASSES—New Orleans $10 per gallon.

POULTRY—Live fowles, $1 to $1 25; and dressed $1 50 to $2 00 each.

PEAS—$5 to $6 per bushel.

POTATOES—Sweet retail at $5 to $5 50, and Irish at $7 to $8 per bushel.

RICE—Clean, 20 cents per lb. by the cask; and rough $4 50 to $5 per bushel.

SALT—Sound made $8 to $9 per bushel.

SUGAR—In hhds. $1 05 to $1 10, and in bbls. $1 15 to $1 20 per lb.

SHEETING—Fayetteville factory, 95 cents to $1 00 per yard.

TALLOW—$1 25 per lb.

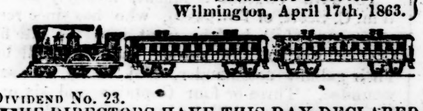
YARN—$12 to $15 per bunch.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

May 6, 1862.

Bacon 80a90c.; Lard 90c.; Pork 40a50c., Beef from Butchers, by the side, 40a45c.; Butter $1 50a2 00; Eggs 40c for good quality; Cotton Yarns $5 00a10 00 per bunch 60a65c. per doz., Corn $4 50a4 75 10 per bus.; Cotton of 5 lbs.; Flour $38a45; Coffee none; Rye $6a7 per bus; Swedes Iron 60a75c; Nails none; Sound Salt 20c per lb; Peas—Cow, $4 50a5; White, $6a7; Brown Sugar $1 25 a$1 35 per lb; 4-4 Brown Sheetings 40a50; Spirits Turpentine 75c per gallon.

Wilmington and Weldon R. R. Co.,
SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Wilmington, April 17th, 1863.



DIVIDEND No. 23.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY DECLARED A DIVIDEND of Ten (10) per cent. on the Capitol Stock of this Company, payable on and after 15th May next.

Transfer Books will be closed from 1st to 15th May.

L. H. DEROSSET,
April 21-lawtd Secretary.

NEW AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

CREECH & LITCHFORD.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTNERSHIP in the General Auction and Commission business, viz., for the sale of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Real and Personal Property, &c., &c.

Our Store is large and commodious, fronting on Fayetteville and Harget streets, in the centre of the business of the city, and universally conceded to be the best location in the place for the business.

Both of us having been engaged for the past seventeen years in the Mercantile or Auction business in this city, we flatter ourselves that we can make it to the interest of parties to make their consignments to us for either private Commission or Auction sales.

A. CREECH,
April 21-1m J. J. LITCHFORD.

NOTICE.

BANK OF COMMERCE, AT NEWBERN,
COMPANY SHOPS, April 30, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK HAVE THIS day declared a semi-annual Dividend of four per cent. on the capital stock, payable on and after the 15th May, at their Banking room in this place.

May 7-3t. J. A. GUION, Cash'r.
Standard copy 3 times.

SCHEDULE OF MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

POST OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

NORTHERN MAIL OPENS DAILY AT		7.30	A. M.
Eastern	" " "	7.30	"
Fayetteville	" " "	8.30	"
Western	" " "	11	"
Augusta	" " "	7.30	"
Eagle Rock Mail opens Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays at		12	M
Summerville opens Thursday at		5	P. M.
Carthage opens Thursdays and Sundays at		11	A. M.
Roxboro opens Wednesday at		11	"
Leachburg opens Wednesdays at		12	M
Northern mail closes daily at		9	A. M.
Eastern mail closes daily at		9	"
Fayetteville mail closes daily at		9	P. M.
Western mail closes daily at		9	"
Augusta mail closes daily at		9	"
Eagle Rock mail closes Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays at		2	"
Summerville closes Fridays at		8	A. M.
Carthage closes Tuesdays and Thursdays at		9	P. M.
Roxboro closes Wednesdays at		1	"
Leachburg closes Wednesdays at		1	"

The Office will be open for the delivery of mail from 7.30 A. M. to 7 P. M. during the week. And from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. and 1 to 2 P. M. on Sundays.

The public are required to transact their business during office hours. GEO. T. COOKE, P. M.
March 18-tf

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

FOR SALE.

4 BBLS. NEWARK AND ROSENDALE CEMENT, in good order and has been well kept. Apply to
S. MILLER,
May 7-2t* Kinston, N. C.

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND,

SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF ALAMANCE, ONE and a half miles from Haw River Station on the North Carolina Rail Road, containing 225 acres, is offered for sale upon the most accommodating terms. There are on the premises a comfortable dwelling and all necessary out houses. For terms apply to the Editor of the
May 6-tf PROGRESS.

COFFEE FOR SALE.

300 LBS OF EXCELLENT RIO COFFEE FOR sale. Apply at PROGRESS OFFICE.
May 6-tf

By WILKES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALES.

CARGO SALE DIRECT IMPORTATION PER STEAMSHIP PET AND SCHOONER JULIA.

ON FRIDAY, MAY 8TH, 1863, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M., I will sell, at my sales rooms, No. 2 in Granite Row, Wilmington, N. C., the following articles imported in above named vessels, viz:

204 casks Soda Crystals,
180 kegs Bi Carb Soda,
105 boxes Tin Plate,
15 cases 20 dozen Cotton Cards, No 10,
73 boxes Castile Soap,
17 boxes Fancy do
10 boxes English Sperm Candles,
67 boxes Star do
39 boxes Extract Logwood,
5 boxes Blueing,
15 boxes 300 gross Matches,
100 oz Quinine,
1 case Sponge,
10 barrels Alum,
1 barrel Jamaica Ginger,
8 boxes Pearl Starch,
5 bags prime Coffee,
45 dozen Brooms,
25 barrels pure Vinegar,
1 bdle 448 lbs Sole Leather,
4 cases Boots and Shoes,
4 chests Young Hyson Tea,
5 chests Congou do
1 bag Pimento
1 cask Tinware,
2¼ dozen Bastard Files,
36 dozen Handsaw Files,
52 reams Note Paper,
7 cases Men and Boys' Straw Hats,
6 bales Unbleached Shirting, 300 pieces,
4 cases Long Cloth, 110 pieces,
1 case Tweeds,
100 lbs White and Yellow Shoe Thread,
1500 dozen Clark's Spool Cotton,
1 case Ladies' Mantillas,
1 case Ready Made Clothing,
5 hhds Old Scotch Whisky, S and D,
3 qr. casks do do do
2 pipes pure Pale Cognac Brandy,
2 kegs pure Old Jamaica Rum,
30 cases Cognac Brandy, *Government brand.*
AND
4 casks ALCOHOL.

May 1-td

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS AT PRIVATE SALE a tract of Land in Franklin county, known as the Richard Ward place, now occupied by Seth Ward.

The place contains 824 acres, and is adapted to the cultivation of Corn, Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat and Oats, and, in short, of every agricultural product. On the tract there is a large body of low grounds. All necessary buildings, together with a good orchard.

May 4-1w* ATKIN WARD.

PIANO FORTE FOR SALE.

AN EXCELLENT ROSEWOOD PIANO FORTE FOR sale. Made by Gilbert, of Boston. Enquire of
JAS. PIRSSON,
Hargett Street, near the Fair Ground.
ALSO
A second hand PIANO at a very low price.
April 30-tf

FOR SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA 6 PER CENT. CERTIFICATES
" 8 " Bonds.
Confederate States Bonds.
Wanted—N. C. 6 per cent. Fundable Notes.
Jan 28-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO EVERYBODY!!!

THE FOLLOWING RECIPES HAVING BEEN THOroughly tested and extensively used for years, are recommended to all who wish to manufacture articles of convenience or luxury either for use in their own families or for sale.

1. Washing Fluid—saves one half the Soap and all the Labor.
2. Silver Plating Fluid—for Plating Spoons, Brasses, &c
3. A Superior Shaving and Toilet Soap.
4. Waterproof Mixture for Boots, Shoes, Harness, &c—very valuable.
5. Detergent Paste—never fails to remove Mildew, Iron Rust, &c., from Linen.
6. Excellent White Spruce Beer.
7. Superior Ginger Pop.
8. To destroy Lice upon Plants.
9. Portable Lemonade—very fine for Camp use.
10. Extrait Eau de Cologne—a celebrated French Recipe.
11. A very superior Ice Cream.
12. "French Polish"—a little rubbed on Pianos, Furniture, &c., is better than two coats of Varnish.
13. Water and Fireproof Cement for broken China, Crockery and Glass—a Recipe every family should have.

The above will be furnished (by mail) at the following rates: One for $2.00; four for $5.00; eight for $6.00, or the whole thirteen for $10. Address, (enclosing money and 10 cent stamp,) Box 75, Raleigh, N. C.
March 24-1w

WANTED.

A LADY WHO CAN TEACH THE ENGLISH branches, with the rudiments of music, desires a situation as teacher. Address, stating salary, "Miss M.' Thomasville, N. C. March 11-tf

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS.

ON THE 1ST DAY OF JUNE THIS POPULAR place of Summer Resort will be opened for the reception of visitors.

Owing to the very great scarcity of provisions of all kinds we can only accommodate a limited number of boarders. We will use every effort to render our guests comfortable, and promise to spare no pains or expense in supplying our table with the best the market can produce. Our rates of board shall be advertised in due time.

BLACKNALL & CO., Proprietors.

P. S.—A good HOUSEKEEPER for the coming season; one who has had experience in a public house. She must be lady-like in her department and in every way competent to fill the place. The best of references will be required. None others need apply. Write immediately and state how long and where you have been in business, the price you require, and the reference you can give.

Standard copy till forbid.
April 15-tf B. & CO.

BRISTLES! BRISTLES! BRISTLES!

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS WILL BE paid per pound for BRISTLES, at
P. THIEMS' STORE,
Nov 27tf- Near Towles.'

WANTED.

COUPONS OF THE 15,000,000 CONFEDERATE Loan. Also N. C. $1 and $2 Treasury Notes.
April 17-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

WANTED.

EMPTY BLACKING-BOXES IN ANY QUANTITIES, for which a liberal price will be paid. Apply at the PROGRESS OFFICE. April 8-tf

STATE DIRECTORY.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor.
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Aid.
do George Little, Wake do
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Russ, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroller.
Samuel F Phillips, Orange, Auditor.
Ebenezer Emmons, State Geologist.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Major General Daniel G Fowle, Wake, Adjutant General.
Captain William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Captain Thomas D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Captain James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Captain Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do.

JUDICIAL.

Supreme Court.—Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice; William H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, of Craven, Judges; Silas H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; Hamilton C Jones, Rowan, Reporter; Edmund B Freeman, Clerk. [Courts in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. [illegible] term has been discontinued.]

Superior Courts.—Judges.—John L Bailey, Buncombe; Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert R Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville; William M Shipp, Henderson.

Solicitors.—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Silas H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S. Merrimon, Buncombe.

Confederate States District Court.—Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge; George V Strong, Wayne, Attorney; W M Watson, Craven, Clerk; Wesley Jones, Wake, Marshal.

Council of State.—F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; Robert P Dick, Guilford; Dr James Calloway, Wilkes; L Eldridge, Johnston; J R Hargrave, Anson; Jesse R Stubbs, Martin; James A Patton, Buncombe.

Literary Board.—His Excellency Gov. Vance, President *Ex officio*, Rev William E Pell, Wake, and Professor Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr. Wm. Sloan, of Gaston. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Board Internal Improvements.—His Excellency Govern'r Vance, President *ex officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr, of Warren, and J H Flanner, of New Hanover. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon N Edwards, Warren, and Hon David L Swain, Orange.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Wiley J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendant of Asylum for the Insane, at Raleigh.

Rev W M Wingate is President of Wake Forest College, (Baptist) which is for the present suspended.

Rev Braxton Craven is President of Trinity College (Methodist.)

Rev ——— is President of Davidson College (Presbyterian.)

Major W M Gordon is Superintendant of the Hillsboro' Military Academy.

MILITARY NOTICES.

Camp of Instruction, N. C.,
CAMP HOLMES, April 30th, 1863.

SPECIAL ORDER, No.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL ORDERS NO. 26, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Richmond, Va., the names of the following Slaves are published in order that their owners may come forward and claim their property, viz:

JACK, aged about 20 years, black complexion, 5 ft. 4 in. high, property of George Young, Jones county, N. C.

SIMON, aged about 12 years, black complexion, 4 feet 6½ inches high, property of Samuel Woodley, Washington county, N. C.

LEVINA, aged about 26 years, black complexion, 5 feet 3½ inches high, property of Samuel Woodley, Washington county, N. C.

MILLY, aged about 25 years, dark complexion, 5 feet 4 inches high, property of Dr. Edward Haughton, Washington county, N. C.

MARGARET, aged about 14 years, black complexion, 5 feet 1½ inches high, property of Samuel Woodley, Washington county, N. C.

By order of COL. PETER MALLETT.
Commanding Conscripts, N. C.
J. N. PRIOR, Adjutant. May 1-1m

N. C. Standard, and Daily (Wilmington) *Journal* publish one month and send bill to Col. Peter Mallett.

REWARDS.

MONEY STOLEN.

STOLEN FROM MY POCKET, AT THE NORTH Carolina Railroad Depot at Raleigh, immediately after the arrival of the train from Goldsboro', yesterday, FIVE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS. I came up on the train from Goldsboro' and the money was taken from my pocket, while in the crowd, immediately after the arrival of the train. I will give a liberal reward for its delivery to me at Goldsboro, or to the Editor of the Progress, Raleigh. All Confederate money and in one package. Two one hundred and two fifty dollar bills of the old issue in the package.

May 7-3t MARTIN C. DIXON.

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY FROM CHAMBERS COUNTY, ALAbama, Jan. 27th, a negro man named BURT, about thirty years old, six feet one inch high, two middle fingers crisped from a burn. He has a pass and was detected on the N. C. Railroad on the 16th inst. making his way to Raleigh, and jumped off at or near McLean's station. The above reward will be given if delivered to me or confined so I get him. Address me at Cusseta, Ala.

Feb 18-tf J. L. BARTER.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
RALEIGH, N. C.
[*Office on Fayetteville Street.*]

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO sales and purchases of State and Confederate Bonds, Bank and other Stocks, collection of Claims, and any business connected with the different departments of the State government.

Bank notes of all Southern States bought and sold.

REFERENCES.

O G Parsley, Wilmington.
W A Wright, do.
John D Williams, Fayetteville.
W G Broadfoot, do.
J J Blackwood, Charlotte.
W K Lane, Wayne county.
John D Whitford, Craven county.
Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance county.
Hon W N Edwards, Warren county.
Hon D W Courts, Rockingham county.
H W Guion, Lincoln county.
And citizens of Raleigh generally. Jan 14-tf

CASH FOR RAGS.

I WILL GIVE THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR all kinds of Cotton or Linen Rags—Old Rope, Bagging and refuse cotton. Bring them to my store, just back of the Market House, and get the cash or family groceries for them. JORDAN WOMBLE.
April 25-1m* Hargett street, Raleigh, N. C.
P. S.—They must be washed clean.

WANTED

CONFEDERATE TREASURY NOTES, DATED July 25, 1861, and payable two years after dat
March 31-tf.] W. R. RICHARDSON

CURRY COMBS.

MANUFACTURED by PRAIRIE & LACK
March 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF TWELVE LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$1 00	Two weeks	$10 00
Two days	1 50	One month	18 00
Three days	3 00	Two months	35 00
Four days	4 00	Three months	50 00
Five days	4 50	Six months	85 00
One week	5 00	Twelve months	75 00

Twelve lines or less count a square, and additions squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons except where special contracts are made. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement.

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

FIELD OFFICERS AND BRIGADES OF N. C. REGIMENTS.

We are indebted to John B. Neathery, Clerk in the Adjutant General's Office, for the following statement:

No	COLONEL.	LIEUT. COLONEL.	MAJORS.
1	Jno A McDowell	H A Brown	Jas S Hinse
2	William R Cox	W S Stallings	D W Hurt
3	Wm L DeRossett	S D Thruston	W M Parsley
4	Bryan Grimes	James H Wood	E A Osborne
5	Thomas M Garrett	John W Lea	Wm J Hill
6	Isaac E Avery	Robert F Webb	S McD Tate
7	Edw G Haywood	Junius L Hill	W L Davidson
8	Henry M Shaw	James W Hinton	J M Whitson
9	Lawrence S Baker	James B Gordon	J H Whitaker
10	Jas A J Bradford	Stephen D Pool	H T Guion, T Sparrow
11	C Leventhorpe	Wm J Martin	Egbert A Ross
12	Solomon Williams		D P Rowe
13	Alfred M Scales	Joseph H Hyman	L H Hunt
14	R Tyler Bennett	W A Johnston	
15	William MacRae	W H Yarborough	G W Hammond
16	John S McElroy	Wm A Stowe	H D Lee
17	Wm F Martin	John C Lamb	T H Sharpe
18	Thos J Purdie		J D Barry
19		C C Bolinger	
20	Thomas F Toon	Nelson Slaughter	C M Andrews
21			W S Rankin
22	James Conner	C C Cole	Laban Odell
23	Dan'l H Christie	Rob't D Johnston	C C Blacknall
24	Wm J Clarke	John L Harris	T D Love
25	H M Rutledge	Samuel C Wilson	W S Grady
26	H K Burgwyn, Jr	John K Lane	J T Jones
27	John A Gilmer, Jr	G F Whitfield	J C Webb
28	Samuel D Lowe	Wm H A Speer	Sam N Stowe
29	Robert B Vance		W B Creasman
30	Francis M Parker	James T Kell	W W Sillers
31	John V Jordan		
32	Edmund C Brabble	Wm T Williams	D G Coward
33	Clark M Avery	Robert V Cowan	T W Mayhew
34	W L J Lowrance		Geo T Gordon
35	Matt W Ransom	John G Jones	J T Johnston
36	No field org'zation		
37	Wm M Barbour	John B Ashcraft	W G Morris
38	Wm J Hoke	John Ashford	M M'Lauchlin
39	David Coleman	Frank A Reynolds	
40	No field org'zation		
41	John A Baker		
42	George C Gibbs	John E Brown	C W Bradshaw
43	Thomas S Kenan	Wm G Lewis	W J Boggan
44	Thos C Singeltary	T L Hargrove	C M Stedman
45	W H Morehead	Samuel H Boyd	J R Winston
46	Edward D Hall	W L Saunders	ACM'Callister
47	Geo P Faribault	John A Graves	A D Crudup
48	Robert C Hill	Sam'l A Walkup	A A Hill
49	Lee M McAfee	Jno A Flemming	P B Chambers
50	J A Washington	George Wortham	J C Vanhook
51	Hector McKethan	Caleb B Hobson	J R McDonald
52	James K Marshall	Marcus A Parks	J Q Richardson
53	William A Owens	J T Morehead, Jr	J J Iredell
54	Jas C S McDowell	K M Murchison	A Ellis
55	Jno K Connally	M T Smith	Alfred H Belo
56	Paul F Faison	G Gratiott Luke	H F Schenck
57	Arch'd C Godwin	H C Jones, Jr	J A Craige
58	John B Palmer		J C Keener
59	Dennis D Ferrebee	Edward Cantwell	J M Mayo
60		Wm H Deaver	W M Hardy
61	James D Radcliffe	Wm S Devane	H Harding
62	Robert G A Love	Geo W Clayton	D G McDowell
63	Peter G Evans	Stephen B Evans	J H McNeill
64	Lawrence M Allen	James A Keith	Wm Garrett
65	George N Folk	Thaddeus P Siler	John J Spann

The Regiments are Brigaded as follows:

Clingman's Brigade—8th, 31st, 51st and 61st.
Cooke's Brigade—15th, 27th, 46th and 48th.
Bate's Brigade—29th.
Daniel's Brigade—32d, 43d, 45th, 50th and 53d.
Davis' Brigade—55th.
Hoke's Brigade—6th, 21st, 54th and 57th.
Hampton's Brigade—9th.
Iverson's Brigade—5th, 12th, 20th and 23d.
Lane's Brigade—7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th.
Lee's, W. H. F., Brigade—19th.
Pryor's Brigade—1st and 3d.
Pender's Brigade—13th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th.
Pettigrew's Brigade—11th, 26th, 42d, 44th, 47th and 52d.
Ransom's Brigade—24th, 25th, 35th, 49th and 56th.
Ramseur's Brigade—2d, 4th, 14th and 30th.
Robertson's Brigade—41st, 59th and 63d.
Not Brigaded—10th, 17th, 36th, 40th, 58th, 60th, 62d, 64th and 65th.

The following are Infantry Regiments
1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52d, 53d, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 60th, 61st, 62d, 64th.

The following are Cavalry Regiments:
9th, 19th, 41st, 59th, 63d, 65th.

The following are Artillery Regiments:
10th, 36th, 40th.

The following are the Battalions:
Lieut. Colonel Charles E. Shober's, (formerly Wharton J. Green's) Infantry; Major J. H. Nethercutt's Rangers; Major R. W. Wharton's Sharpshooters; Major John W. Moore's Artillery; Major W. L. Young's Artillery; Major Alex. MacRae's Artillery; Col. Peter Mallett's Camp Guard; Whitford's Battalion, Rangers; Major Alfred H. Baird's Battalion of Cavalry.

Colonel W. H. Thomas' Legion of Highlanders and Indians is composed of one Regiment and one Battalion, and numbers over 1,500 men.

LACK & FARRISS,

MERCHANT TAILORS,
PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

WE WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT WE have on hand and are constantly receiving an assortment of

CITIZENS' AND MILITARY CLOTHING.

The business will be carried on under the direct supervision of Mr. C. M. FARRISS, and satisfaction guaranteed to our patrons. An experienced hand will go to the Camps to take measures for uniforms when ordered.

G. A. LACK.....C. M. FARRISS.
April 7-tf

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, PIANO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all those who wish their Pianos skillfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W. L. Pomeroy, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence in Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to Rev. Dr. Swedes and Professor Hansen.
Jan 13-tf

GEORGE BISHOP & CO., HILLSBORO', N. C.

HAS AND WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a very superior lot of Mahogany Burial Cases of all sizes, which he can furnish to those needing them, at any point on the N. C. R. R., by the first train after the order is received by train or telegraph. Ready for shipment in all cases when order is received. Feb 14-3m.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO PRESENT THEMSELVES at the office of the Surgeon General, between the hours of 9 and 10 a. m., will be vaccinated free of charge.

EDWARD WARREN,
Dec 20-tf Surgeon General of N. C.

CURRY COMBS.

200 DOZEN CURRY COMBS FOR SALE AT THE Factory of PRAIRIE & LACK
March 24-tf.

SURPLUS PROVISIONS.

ONE OF THE RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT THE late meeting of citizens in Raleigh, requires that the several Committees raised to ascertain the amount of surplus provisions in their respective Districts shall assemble in this city and make report of their proceedings on a day to be designated by the Chairman of the meeting.—In pursuance whereof, I appoint MONDAY, the 18th instant (Court week) as the day for said Committees to meet.

CHAS. MANLY,
May 4-1w Chairman.
City papers please copy.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863.

Terms, &c.—Our terms are as follows:

Daily Progress One year	- - -	$8 00
" " Six months	- - -	4 00
" " Three months	- - -	2 00
" " One month	- - -	1 00

These terms will be strictly adhered to, and the paper stopped in all cases when the time paid for expires.

Advertisements, marriages and deaths, religious notices, tributes of respect, &c., must be paid for when handed in; or if sent by mail the money must accompany the order, or they may not appear.

Everything of an individual character will be charged for as advertisements.

We are prepared to do every species of JOB PRINTING with promptness.

How to send us Money.—To avoid all risk in sending money for subscription by mail, we have made arrangements with the Southern Express Company, by which all money can be sent for subscription to the Pro... at our ... risk and expense. Subscribers will enclose ... in an envelope directed to the DAILY PROGRESS, and seal with wax, writing their name and the amount to be sent on the outside. Deliver to the Express Company, Post Office, and the amount sent ... the same to any Agent of the Southern ... mail, advising us of the date when sent. and take his receipt. Send a letter to us by ...

Army Letters.—We will thank every subscriber we have in the army to write us occasional letters for publication; or if they cannot or will not write themselves, to induce those who can and will write to send their letters to the PROGRESS. Our people read letters from the army with more interest than anything else, and we beg our friends in the army to write.

To Newsboys.—Papers to Agents and Newsboys will be FIVE CENTS a copy.

A Great Battle—A Great Victory!

Hooker's army now lies along the North bank of the Rappahannock in its old position, a defeated, bleeding, demoralized mass. We have fought a great battle and won a great victory. The news given by us this morning tells the tale. After Sedgwick and his force were driven across the river at Fredericksburg, Hooker was afraid longer to remain in his entrenched position at the United States Ford, and when Gen. Lee, after disposing of Sedgwick, marched back to look after Hooker, he found he had deserted his works and recrossed the river.

This may be relied on for it comes from Gen. Lee himself, and he is not given to sensation or exageration. Hooker—"fighting Joe"—has made his "onward to Richmond" and has been repulsed with an immense loss of killed and wounded, stores, munitions, &c. We have taken *ten thousand prisoners*, besides much other plunder. What a sensation there must be in Washington and New York over the result! Hooker was to do the work. He was to take Richmond, wipe out Lee's army and "crush the rebellion" in short order. Alas, poor Hooker! You have fought your last fight, though you have won no battle, and you must now follow old Scott, McClellan, Pope and Burnside.

We have lost fearfully, probably, four to six thousand in killed, wounded and missing, but the enemy's entire loss cannot be less than from twenty to thirty thousand. So the first great blow in the Spring campaign has failed and we are conquerors. Lee takes ten thousand in Virginia, and Forrest takes seventeen hundred in Georgia. Certainly this is glory enough for one week. But how will Hooket explain to his master at Washington the cause of his failure to take Richmond? His army was much larger than ours, his cavalry penetrated to our rear, cut off communication and all this, and yet the "grand army of the Potomac" is whipped and driven across the Rappahannock, and Richmond is safe for the Summer, for they cannot reorganize and advance again before October.

We suppose the most of the ten thousand prisoners taken were the two years, and nine months men, who were to go out in May, and of course they were quite willing to be taken, thinking Richmond perhaps the shortest route home.

Will the North stop now and agree to let us go in peace, or will they attempt to organize another army to march on Richmond? The people of the South want this war to stop, but bad as they want peace they will accept nothing but an honorable peace, and as long as we are invaded we shall continue to fight. With such an army as the one that has just covered itself with glory on the banks of the Rappahannock, and Gen. Lee to command it, we can never be subjugated, and the Yankees had as well realize it now, and let us go.

"An enduring crown of glory, or ruined beyond redemption." Such was the language of the New York *Herald* in reference to Hooker after the advance of last week commenced. If he whipped Lee and marched into Richmond he was to have "an enduring crown of glory," but if he failed he was "ruined beyond redemption." Well, Hooker came, was conquered and has run away, leaving ten thousand prisoners, thousands of killed and wounded, besides valuable property in arms and ammunition behind him; and of course, according to the *Herald* he is "ruined beyond redemption" and must give way for the next "star."

Where the Yankees will get another General to superintend the butchery of their live stock in Virginia it is difficult to tell, unless they recall Rosecrans from Tennessee and place him at the head of what is left of the "grand army of the Potomac."

Hooker will probably now visit New York, Boston and other Yankee towns where he will "give in his experience" and be feted and lionized by the gaping multitude, and then retire with Scott, McClellan and others and be forgotten in a few months. Verily there is mourning in the house of Abraham.

THE YANKEE RAIDERS.—It is asserted that the Yankee cavalry, that have made the people of Richmond so nervous for the last few days, have cleared out, and that no enemy is nearer the city than Williamsburg on the east and Louisa Court House on the north.

Capt. McCoy, (now promited to Major,) for some time past in command of the prison guard, at Salisbury, has been ordered to the field with the two companies under his command, and is to be superseded by Col. Bradshaw, of the Rowan Militia. The bastile will hereafter be guarded by militia.

COL. ZARVONA arrived in Richmond on Wednesday and immediately reported for duty.

The Press News Again.

We stated some days ago, that the Press Association had issued a circular denying us the privilege of posting our dispatches on our bulletin board, as heretofore, and gave an extract from the circular served upon us by the Superintendent that satisfied every honest man that we were only stating a fact, but a publication having been made that no such restriction existed, and others, under the same obligations that we are to observe the rules of the Association, having persisted in posting dispatches and issuing extras, we have appealed to Mr. Thrasher, Superintendent of the Press Association, to remove the restriction altogether or compel all publishers receiving the dispatches to observe it.

We prefer, as stated before, the old plan by which each publisher receiving the dispatches could do as he ple sed with them, and under that rule we posted our dispatches for the benefit of the public as fast as received, desiring that all should have the news as soon as possible, but having become a member of the new Association, we felt in honor as well as in duty bound to observe its regulations.

And to show that other members of the Association feel that there is a restriction and that they are ... bound to observe it, we copy the following in honor ... from the Charlotte *Bulletin*, of the 7th inst:

There is one complaint, however, which we have heard urged by some of the members of the Association which may not be groundless, and if true is well calculated to produce ... injury to the members of the Association. We allude to the statement which has reached us to the effect that at several points on the different routes of telegraphic communication clubs have been formed and they have been supplied with the subtance of the press dispatches in anticipation of their publication in the papers.

It is possible the members of the press Association have been the medium through which this unfair circulation originated, hence the effort of the Agent by enjoining secrecy with the conductors of the press, in order to break up this unjust and injuridus system. We hope he may succeed in the effort and we submit to the temporary restriction in order that the Association may be protected against that class of speculators who obtain copies of the press dispatches through publisherss, or otherwise, and disseminate them for reward in advance of their legitimate publication by the members of the Association.

If these statements which have reached us are true, and we believe they are correct, it is the duty of Mr. Thrasher to ascertain where the fault lies and if possible remedy the evil, for it is folly for Editors to associate and employ Agents to procure and send them the latest news privately and in advance, if the same news is distributed throughout the country in advance of the press publications and to the injury of those who are sustaining the enterprise.

We insist it is the duty of the directors of the Association to break up this traffic in dispatches by dismissng from the Association any of its members who violate the rule, or, romove the injunction of secrecy and allow the Agent, or others, to make the news public as they may elect.

As one of the members of the Association, we desire to be advised whether we shall contribute funds in order to sustan this *new enterprise*, or whether we are to enjoy the advantages which ought to be secured through the Press Association in common with the rest of its rule observing members. We await a reply from the Directors, or Mr. Thrasher, the efficient and worthy Superintendent of the Press Association.

Our Killed and Wounded.

We know but very little as yet of the losses that North Carolina sustained in the recent severe struggles in Virginia. We were largely represented in the fights, and the probability is that we have suffered severely. The Virginia papers have but very meagre accounts of their own wounded as yet, and nothing of ours. The wounded are being brought down to Richmond as fast as practicable, and we hope to be able to give lists of casualties in North Carolina regiments soon.

Gen. Hoke's brigade, it is stated in the *Enquirer*, lost 120 men. Col. McDowell, of the 54th, Hoke's brigade, is more seriously wounded than at first supposed. Gov. Manly, Col. McDowell's father-in-law, showed us a dispatch yesterday which stated that the wounds were more serious than at first thought, and that he would be sent to Richmond where Gov. M. was requested to meet him. We trust that Col. McDowell's injuries may not prove fatal.

We were gratified to learn last evening that the wounds of Colonels E. G. Haywood and Bryan Grimes were slight. A dispatch was received last night that Col. McDowell was at Hamilton's Crossing dangerously wounded. Lieut. John S. Bryan, of this city, is slightly wounded.

We learn that Dr. M. F. Arendell and Dr. W. C. Roberts, of the Surgeon General's Staff, left last night for Richmond, to take on supplies and to look after our wounded.

Gen. Paxton, killed in the recent battles in Virginia, was a native of Rockbridge county, in that State, and a graduate of the Virginia Military Institute.

We are glad to learn that Lieut. S. Ives Smedes, though badly wounded, is to be brought home, and that hopes are entertained of his recovery.

We learn that Gen. Martin left the city yesterday to take command of a brigade in the field. The brigade consists of the 17th, 42nd, 47th, 68d, and unattached companies, all North Carolina Troops.

A man whose name we did not learn, was arrested on Thursday night for an attempt to rob one of the guests at the Planter's Hotel. We did not ascertain particulars but learn that the man is in jail.

CASUALTIES IN THE 4th—The Charlotte *Bulletin* of yesterday has the following:

We are indebted to Gen. Young for the use of the annexed dispatch from Lieut. Carlton, from the battle field near Fredericksburg, Va:

BATTLE FIELD, NEAR FREDERICKSBURG, via Richmond, May 4.

GEN. J. A. YOUNG:—Captain Alexander's company (C) Leg off, Capt. Falls; and Lieut. Cowan, of co. A. dead; Sergt. Shefford, of co. A. dead; Lieut. McRorie and Carlton are slightly wounded.

F. D. CARLTON, Lt. Co. A.

Surgeon General Warren is in Virginia looking after the welfare of our wounded.

EAST TENNESSEE THREATENED.—The Knoxville *Register* of the 5th May says:

Reports thicken upon us of preparations making by the Yankees for the invasion of East Tennessee.—It is said they have even made some advance in this direction, and we suppose there is no doubt some five or six thousand have crossed the Cumberland river near Mill Spring, threatening to come into East Tennessee either through Pentress and Morgan counties or by some other route. We also understand they have advanced in the direction of both Williamsburg and Barboursville.

HOOKER'S ARMY CROSSING THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

PARTICULARS OF THE ADVANCE.

YANKEE BLUSTER.

Northern papers of the 2d May have been received. The latest informa ion of the grand movement of the army of the Potomac is given in the following letter:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, April 30, 1863.

On Monday morning, at 5 o'clock, the Eleventh, Major General Howard's corps; the Twelfth, Major General Mead's corps, struck their tents and marched westward on the several roads leading to Kelly's Ford, distant from the line of Aquia Creek and Fredericksburg Railroad about twenty-five miles. The Eleventh corps being in the advance, reached Kelly's Ford at 11 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

THE CROSSING OF KELLY'S FORD.

A brigade from this corps, commanded by Colonel Buschbeck, had been guarding the ford ever since the advance of the cavalry, two weeks ago. The position had been well reconnoitered, and hence immediate preparations were made for laying the pontoons, which, strange as it may seem to "strategists," were in the right place at the right time. The engineering was directed by Capt. Comstock, of Hooker's staff, but both the laying of the bridges and the crossing were superintended by Major General Howard in person. Early in the evening the Eleventh Corps commenced crossing, and the Twelfth bivouacked on the commanding bluffs that surround the ford.

STONEMAN'S CAVALY CROSSING THE RIVER.

On Tuesday morning, long before day had dawned, the tramp of feet was again heard, and when the grey light of morning rose on the scene long black lines were projecting themselves in radia from the line ... launching, and the plain beyond the river pontoon ... with moving masses of men.

At 6 o'clock Genera... Stoneman's cavalry corps arrived at the bridge and co... commenced crossing. Following these came the Fifth Corps, the Twelfth having already crossed.

The wagon trains were all sent back from Kelly's Ford and parked near Bank's Ford.

CROSSING ON BRIDGES BELOW FREDERICKSBURG.

At 12 o'clock on Tuesday the camps of the First Corps, Major General Reynolds; the Third, Major General Sickles, and the Sixth, Major General Sedgwick, were abandoned and the troops put in motion. When daylight broke on Wednesday morning national brigades had surprised, surrounded and captured the enemy's pickets and reserves, and the astonished rebels beheld two bridges connecting the hostile shores of the Rappahannock, four miles below Fredericksburg.

As at Kelly's Ford, so here, there was no waiting for pontoons; everything was in readiness, and so skillfully and quietly was the launching of the boats and the crossing of the men conducted, that the first notice the rebel outposts had of what was going on was the approach of the boats filled with men.—They fired a volley at random, which wounded some 20 men of the 119th Pennsylvania volunteers, that regiment having the advance. Col. Ellmaker is reported severely wounded.

The success of the expedition in boats was so complete as to prevent alarm. The laying of the bridges, though in the very face of the enemy, was, therefore, carried to completion without his knowledge.

Two miles further down the river General Reynolds, with the First Corps, constructed a bridge in the face of the enemy's rifle pits, and effected a crossing. The resistance was stubborn, but of short duration.

TWO FORDS CONNECTED.

Yesterday the Second, Crouch's Corps, took a position in the rear of Bank's Ford, with full facilities for crossing his own corps and as many as might be ordered to follow him. A good road was constructed between Banks' and United States Fords, and only orders were needed to put in harmonious motion all the departments of this great army.

TWO CORPS ACROSS THE RAPIDAN.

Later intelligence brings in the cheering news that the Eleventh and Twelfth Corps crossed the Rapidan at Germanna, at 3 o'clock yesterday, and that Gen. Meade, with the Fifth Corps, crossed at a point lower down at 5 o'clock. The enemy was every where taken by surprise, and nearly every picket force was captured.

From three to five hundred prisoners and wounded had been taken up to four o'clock, and the command was moving down in fine order, buoyant with hope and overflowing with ecstacy. The line of march is in the direction of Chancellorville, south of Fredericksburg.

STONEMAN'S OPERATIONS.

Stoneman, with his full corps of cavalry, is sweeping down in a wide circle, determined, with skill, energy and dash, to retrieve the liquidated laurels of the past fortnight. He delayed and finally failed in his expedition to an extent that would have defeated the entire plan of operation, but for the double resources of the commanding General.

What the infantry has now accomplished Stoneman should have done with his cavalry ten days ago, by a bold dash across the river and a sweep to the enemy's rear. If it so be that he now covers over the disgrace of the past two weeks by a brilliant success in a raid on the rebel lines of communication, he may regain the confidence of his friends; if not, his reputation and his career as a commander of cavalry will be at an end.

HOOKER SUPERINTENDING.

With the reins of his command well in hand, Gen. Hooker rode along the entire lines, witnessing the crossing at Kelly's Ford. Then and there, and doubtless not until then, he gave to his corps' commanders the plan of the pending movement. Up to the time of crossing the river the several corps moved like men-of-war sailing under sealed orders; when all were well out at sea, Hooker himself broke the seal.

From Kelly's to United States, and thence to Banks' Ford, the commander rode through every portion and department of the army, gave his orders and saw that no scapegoat, in the shape of tardy pontoons, lukewarm officers or defective ammunition, stood ready caparisoned to flee to the mountains of public opinion with excuses for anticipating failure. Before night General Hooker knew thoroughly what was transpiring on both sides of the Rappahannock.

Though no proclamation has been issued to that effect, it is quite certain that the headquarters of the army is in the saddle. The army of the Potomac, which has been long accustomed to have its headquarters follow afar off, was yesterday electrified with the change. How a movement thus auspiciously began will end we soon shall see.

CASUALTIES IN THE 18TH.—The following is from the Wilmington *Journal*:

The following private dispatch from Adjutant McLaurin of the 18th regiment N. C. T., has been kindly placed at our disposal. The death of Col. Purdie, as also a number of the members of his regiment, is to be deeply regretted:

HANOVER JUNCTION, May 5, 1863.

I was wounded through the left thigh on Sunday morning. Lieut. McLean was wounded severely in right thigh; M. McCormick severely in jaw and neck; Sergeant McIntosh, D. McLaughlin, Alex. Smith and D. Jones are slightly wounded. Col. Purdie was killed, and Lieut. Col. George received a flesh wound in the right hip. Fifteen to twenty have been killed and about eighty wounded in the regiment.

On Sunday the Confederates were giving it to the enemy handsomely. W. H. McLAURIN,
Adjt. 18th Reg't N. C. T.

FROM VIRGINIA.

THE LATE BATTLES.

PARTICULARS OF THE ENGAGEMENT.

KILLED, WOUNDED, PRISONERS, ETC.

The following is from the *Dispatch* of Thursday:

GUINEA STATION, 3. P. M., Monday, May 4, 1863.

Many reports have doubtless reached you of the fight at "Wilderness Church" yesterday, which, in many respects, was perhaps one of the bloodiest of the war. Our loss is heavy, both in officers and men; but, through the aid of a merciful Providence, victory once more perches upon the banners of the South.

The battle commenced in the neighborhood of Chancellorsville, on the plank road from Fredericksburg to Orange Court House, and extended to a point known as Wilderness Church, on the same road. The enemy had thrown up entrenchments and constructed abattis, which, after severe fighting, were carried by our troops. Early in the day their lines were broken, and in confusion their defeated forces left the field. Many prisoners were captured, some three thousand of whom have reached this point. Among them is Brig. Gen. Hays, who commanded a brigade in Gen. Couch's corps, and his aid-de-camp, Captain Echols. The prisoners brought here represent some forty different regiments, and, as usual, are mostly men of foreign birth.

Among the officers whose names I have heard mentioned as killed are Gen. Paxton, of Stonewall brigade: Col. Walker, of the 10th Va; and Colonel Mallory, of the 55th Va. The country will lament the misfortune which has befallen our army in the severe wounding of Lieut. Gen. Jackson, who lost his left arm. Gen. A. P. Hill was also slightly wounded in the leg.

On the lower end of the line, where Major Gen. Early commanded, there was some hard fighting yesterday morning. In the afternoon Marye's heights were carried by the enemy, and several hundred of our men, belonging to a Mississippi regiment, captured. Five or six pieces of the Washington Artillery were taken at the same time. This morning Gen. Early was reinforced by Gen. McLaws and Anderson, and the fight renewed, when the heights were retaken, and the pieces recaptured, with a number of others.

In the fight on the upper line yesterday, in addition to the prisoners mentioned, some two thousand more were captured, and five batteries of field artillery. From this fact some idea may be formed of the character of the fight, and the extent of our triumph. It is stated that Gen. Lee regards it as one of the most satisfactory victories of the whole war. There is a report that Gen. Stuart had succeeded in destroying the pontoons of the enemy last night, thus cutting off their retreat.

I sent you a letter yesterday, which, I presume, the capture of the train at Ashland prevented reaching you. I hope this note, hastily written, will be more fortunate. You will hear from me again tomorrow. It is believed that the fight is for the present ended, though there is tolerable heavy cannonading going on now at Fredericksburg. B.

ACCOUNTS OF THE BATTLE GIVEN BY THE WOUNDED.

A number of wounded at the late battles near Fredericksburg arrived in this city yesterday. They state that the fighting on Saturday and Sunday last, was desperate. D. H. Hill's division commanded by Brigadier General Rhodes, of Alabama, and Trimble's division, (the two divisions composed of Alabama, Georgia, and Maryland troops, under the command of Gen. Jackson,) it is said, marched fourteen miles on Saturday, and reached the enemy's rear that afternoon. Attacking the enemy in three lines of their entrenchments they captured three batteries, together with about 5,000 prisoners.

The struggle on Marye's Heights is also represented as being desperate. On Sunday, at Marye's Heights, the enemy, by a flank movement, succeeded in capturing six guns belonging to the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th, companies of the Louisiana Washington Artillery. The 5th Louisiana regiment were nearly all taken prisoners, together with many men belonging to the 6th Louisiana.

On Monday our army flanked the enemy and retook Marye's Heights. Hay's Louisiana brigade greatly distinguished itself, taking fourteen pieces of the enemy's artillery.

We lost in all fourteen pieces of artillery and captured fifty-three. We also captured nearly ten thousand prisoners, 7,000 of whom are said to be at Guinea's Station, on their way to Richmond. Our loss in killed and wounded is estimated at six or seven thousand.

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

The 44th Virginia regiment, formerly under Col. Wm. C. Scott, of Powhatan, who has since resigned on account of ill health, went into the late fight at Chancellorsville 175 strong, and lost all but 61. Their gallant commander, Maj. Cobb, was severely wounded. Three or four Captains and six or seven Lieutenants were killed, and several other officers wounded. This gallant regiment passed through the whole Valley campaign under Gen. Jackson last year; and at McDowell, Cross Keys; Port Republic, and other places, under command of Col. Scott, it won great fame.

The 3d, 5th, 6th, 12th, and 26th Alabama, of Rhode's Brigade, suffered severely, it is reported, in officers—one-third of whom were either killed or wounded—the proportion being ten wounded men to one killed.

Capt. Squires, Lieuts. Galbraith and Owens, of the Washington Artillery; were taken prisoners. Lieut. DeRussey, P. H. Von Cotton, Otta Frank, Barton Kirk, and —— Vallentine, were wounded. Sergeant Wm. West, Corp'l Lewis and Bob't Many were killed. J. G. Sandlin, of the 9th La. was wounded. Sergeant Dolphine S. Raulins, of company A., 2d Va. regiment was killed.

THE GUNS OF THE KEOKUK RAISED.—The guns of this famous iron-clad now lie on South-Commercial wharf. They consist of two long 11-inch Columbiads, and will soon be mounted for our defence—valuable acquisitions, no less than handsome trophies of the Battle of Charleston Harbor. By order of General Ripley, Colonel Alfred Rhett, on the 17th, after the departure of the iron-clad fleet, examined the wreck, and reported the obtainment of the guns practicable. Mr. LaCoste, assisted by Adjutant Boylston, and detachments of men from Fort Sumter, under different Lieutenants, have effected the saving of these fine pieces of ordnance with much trouble.—Latterly the Keokuk has been entirely submerged, and in rough water. The turrets had to be unbolted, or unscrewed, and taken off before the guns could be slung for removal. This was an unpleasant job of some difficulty, the labor being performed under water, when the sea was smooth, and in the night time only. Those engaged in the undertaking, going in the small boat of the Fort, were sometimes protected from the enemy by the presence of our gunboats; at other times not. One gun was raised last week, being removed by the old Light Boat. Gen. Ripley himself, night before last, went down to superintend the removal of the second gun. Enterprise, even with scant means, can accomplish much. *Ch, Mercury.*

A gentleman once started a religious journal, having for its motto: "In the name of the Lord I *Set* up my Banner." After a period of zealous advocacy of his peculiar faith, he concluded to give up the enterprise, and the waggish foreman changed the motto: "In the name of the Lord, I have *up-set* my Banner."

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

[REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

"Fighting Joe" Hooker and his Army Across the Rappahannock—Gen. Lee Master of the Field.

RICHMOND, May 7—10 o'clock.—The following was received to-night from Chancellorsville, to...

To His Excellency President Davis:—After ... Sedgwick across the Rappahannock on the night ... 4th, I returned on the 5th to Chancellorsville ... march was delayed by a storm which continued ... and the following day. In placing troops in position ... the morning of the 6th to attack Hooker, I ascertained ... had abandoned his fortified position. Our line ... mishers pressed forward until they came within ... the enemy's batteries planted on the north side ... Rappahannock, which from the configuration ... ground completely commanded this side. His ... therefore, escaped with the loss of a few additional ... oners.

(Signed) R. E. LEE, General Commanding.

Arrival of Wounded—Severe Storm—Return and his Army Recross the Rappahannock—We have taken 10,000 Prisoners—All at Fredericksburg.

RICHMOND, May 8.—The trains have resumed their ... lar trips to Fredericksburg. Five arrived here ... with wounded men. A storm prevailed in ... sylvania on Wednesday, the severest for twelve ... We captured about ten thousand prisoners, many ... ble horses, wagons and a large quantity of ammu... and small arms. All quiet at Fredericksburg. Bo... reoccupying the town and the enemy the opposite ... of the river as before the battle. Col. Griffin ... killed but captured. Sickles is reported killed.

Later from Fredericksburg—Yankees a Defeat—Arrival of Wounded, &c.

RICHMOND, May 8.—Passengers report all quiet at Fredericksburg. Several ambulance trains have arrived ... evening and more behind. Crowds of ladies are at the Depot dispensing refreshments. Weather decidedly chilly. A report is current that the *Herald* of ... has been received and that it concedes the defeat of Hooker. The news caused great excitement in ... York. Gunboats came to the White House ... but only remained a short time.

The Druggists Convention.

AUGUSTA, May 7.—At the afternoon session of the Druggists Convention important features were presented ... them one that restricted the sale of medicines to ... Druggists and standard quality; Pharmaceutical ... tions for the development of our resources for ... the Medical. A Committee was appointed to receive specimens of medicines and chemicals manufactured from the natural resources of the South.

HOW FORREST BAGGED THE YANKEES.—The Atlanta *Confederacy* says:

We learn that Forrest had but 550 men with him and that with these, assisted by Gen. Black and citizens of and near Rome he made the Yankees at least 1600 strong, surrender. He had all the time been in their rear harrassing them, but he evidently concealed from them his strength. He managed to send a courier to Rome in time, and Gen. Black had collected a large army of men also on hand with their squirrel rifles. The advance of the Yankees, 200 strong, met this force of Gen. ... turned and reported to the main force that the ... of the place was too great to be contended against. The whole then surrendered.

We learn that they had a large number of wagons loaden with stolen bacon, and several hundred negroes—all of which will henceforth serve the people of the South in the field and at home.

The people all along the State Road turned out with such arms as they had when they heard of the approach of the invaders.

The same paper adds:

Soon after the surrender of the Yankees, the people of Rome learned the fact, and the further fact that Forrest's half famished soldiers would soon enter the city with their captives. They at once dived into the bottom of their cellars and pantries and hauled out all their good things. Large delicious hams, roast duck and turkey, baked chicken, strawberries and cream, cakes the most expensive and inviting, with everything in the line of goodies, were brought out most elegantly prepared and lavishly dealt out to the hungry, weary patriots whose heroic deeds in this great chase will adorn the pages of history for all time to come. People from all the surrounding country came in with wagons groaning and horses sweating under the weight of the good things of the land. They were feasted to their heart's content.

We learn from everybody that has returned from the expedition that went up the road, that the people from far and near, flocked to the expected scene of the conflict with their old squirrel rifles, ready to do all they could, by thousands. In several places home companies were raised for the occasion.

Talk about subjugating such a people as this! Liberty and eternal deliverance from the Yankees is the watchward with our people. They prefer death to any further relations with them.

FOREST AND HIS MEN.

Under this caption the Atlanta *Intelligencer* says:

The recent gallant exploits of Forrest and his men will command the admiration of the world. It is absolutely marvellous to think how after four days hard fighting, this noble and daring leader, with his jaded horses, could have followed up and captured the Yankee forces that were fleeing before him as they could reach Rome to plunder and destroy it—But "facts are stubborn things," and that he did accomplish this extraordinary feat, is beyond the shadow of a doubt, for it is a fact. Doubtless had the main body of the enemy reached Rome, it would have been bravely defended by her gallant sons, and a few Confederate troops that were in that city; perhaps, it would have been successfully defended, for we know the mettle of her sons, and what valor could have accomplished would not have been wanting to accomplish. But the daring and chivalrous Forrest was upon the heels of the foe, and ere the main body of his forces could reach the advance guard that had appeared before the city to spy out its "situation," it was bagged, and not as visitors, but as prisoners, as they enter the threatened city. There is not on record an account of a more brilliant and dashing affair, than this last one of Forrest. All honor to the gallant chief and his brave troops!

We have been advised that the prisoners captured will be sent from Rome to this city. Trains have been dispatched for them, and they may be looked for here every hour.

YANKEES REPULSED.—The *Dispatch* says:—Information has been received that Col. Edgar's battalion, stationed at Louisburg, Greenbrier county, were surprised by one thousand Yankee cavalry late on Saturday night last, but with consummate skill he rallied his men and fought the enemy with determined bravery, beating them back, and killing and wounding a number. The enemy sent in a flag of truce, asking permission to bury their dead, which request Col. Edgar refused. His force was barely eight hundred men, and his loss resulting from the surprise was supposed to be heavy.

Men are often deserted in adversity. When the sun sets, our very shadows refuse to follow us.